

Coding & Development / Python Prompts

Write Python functions from natural language descriptions, including docstrings, type hints, and error handling.

Difficulty: Intermediate

Model: GPT-4 / Claude / Gemini

Use Case: Code Generation, Python Development, Automation

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Why This Prompt Exists

Most developers waste time writing boilerplate functions from scratch when they could describe intent.

You get:

- functions missing docstrings (hard to maintain)
- no type hints (IDE can't help with autocomplete)
- poor error handling (crashes on edge cases)
- inconsistent naming conventions
- functions that work but aren't reusable

But a function is not just code.

It is a reusable unit with documentation, type safety, and error handling.

- Docstring: what it does, args, returns, raises
- Type hints: input and output types
- Error handling: try/except for edge cases
- Default values: sensible defaults where appropriate

Without documentation and error handling, functions are fragile.

This framework forces AI to generate production-ready functions.

The Prompt

Assume the role of a senior Python developer who writes clean, documented, production-ready functions.

Your task is to generate a Python function from a natural language description.

Generate:

1. FUNCTION SIGNATURE

- Function name (descriptive, snake_case)
- Parameters with type hints
- Return type hint

2. DOCSTRING (Google or NumPy style)

- Brief description
- Args section with types and descriptions
- Returns section
- Raises section (if applicable)

3. FUNCTION BODY

- Input validation
- Main logic
- Error handling (try/except)

4. EXAMPLE USAGE

- How to call the function
- Expected output

5. UNIT TEST (pytest)

- Test normal case
- Test edge case
- Test error case

INPUTS:

Function Description:

[WHAT SHOULD THE FUNCTION DO?]

Input Parameters (names and types):

[LIST]

Return Value (type and description):

[DESCRIBE]

Edge Cases to Handle (if any):

[LIST]

Error Conditions to Handle:

[E.G., "File not found," "Invalid input," "Empty list"]

RULES:

- Use snake_case for function names
- Include type hints for all parameters and return
- Docstring must include Args, Returns, Raises

- Handle edge cases gracefully (not crash)
- Use descriptive variable names
- Follow PEP 8 style guide

How To Use It

- Be specific about input types (list of strings, dict with specific keys).
- List edge cases you know will happen (empty lists, None values).
- The generated unit test is a starting point — expand it with your own cases.
- Run the function through a linter (pylint, flake8) after generation.
- Add logging for functions that will run in production.

Example Input

Function Description: Calculate the average of a list of numbers. Return 0 if the list is empty.

Input Parameters: numbers (list of floats or ints)

Return Value: float (the average)

Edge Cases to Handle: Empty list, list with one item, list with negative numbers

Error Conditions to Handle: None (if input is not a list, raise TypeError)

Why It Works

Most generated functions lack documentation and error handling.

This framework improves outcomes by forcing:

- type hints (IDE support)
- docstrings (maintainability)
- error handling (robustness)

- unit tests (correctness)
- example usage (usability)

Great Python functions don't just work — they're documented, tested, and handle errors gracefully.

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